

Enhanced Oil Recovery and Advanced Completion Design for Tight Carbonate Reservoirs in Western North Dakota

OGRP Review

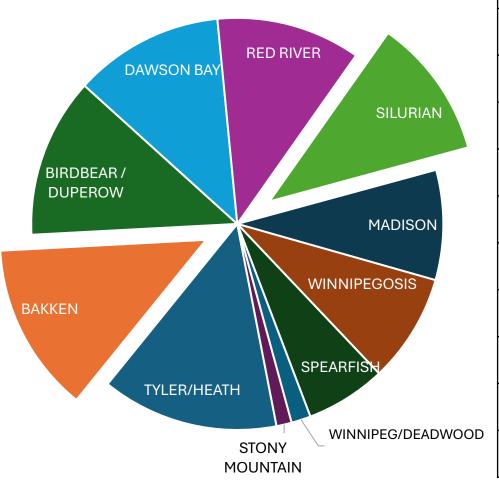
October 17, 2025

Bismarck, ND

North Dakota Production



Average Cumulative Oil per Well

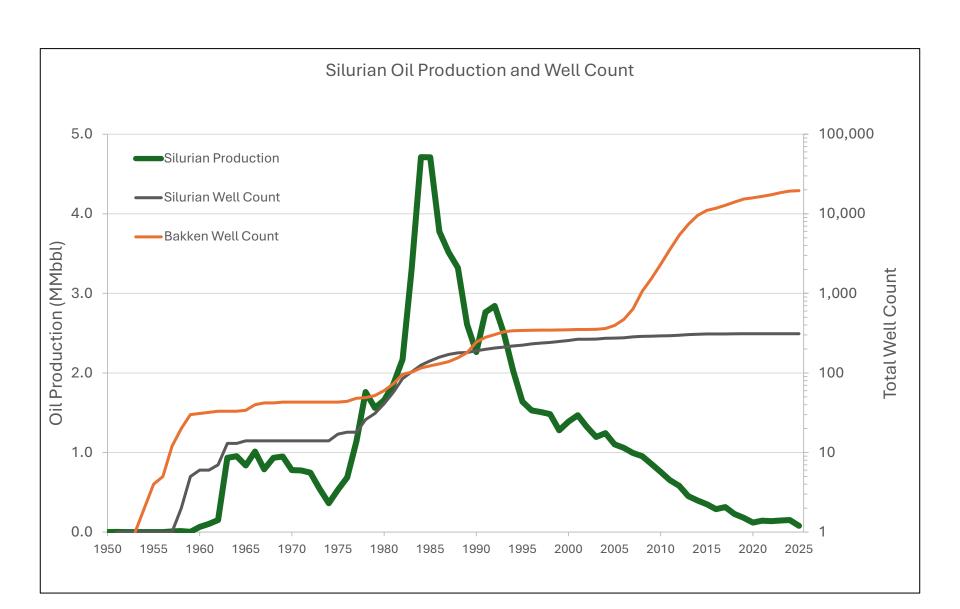


| Pool | Avg. bbl/well | Well Count |
|--------------------|---------------|------------|
| TYLER/HEATH | 297,561 | 296 |
| BAKKEN | 285,512 | 19726 |
| BIRDBEAR/ DUPEROW | 268,838 | 679 |
| DAWSON BAY | 251,725 | 17 |
| RED RIVER | 242,396 | 1485 |
| SILURIAN | 235,674 | 355 |
| MADISON | 184,807 | 5796 |
| WINNIPEGOSIS | 182,699 | 59 |
| SPEARFISH | 134,994 | 488 |
| WINNIPEG/ DEADWOOD | 32,720 | 21 |
| STONY MOUNTAIN | 25,495 | 12 |



Silurian Production

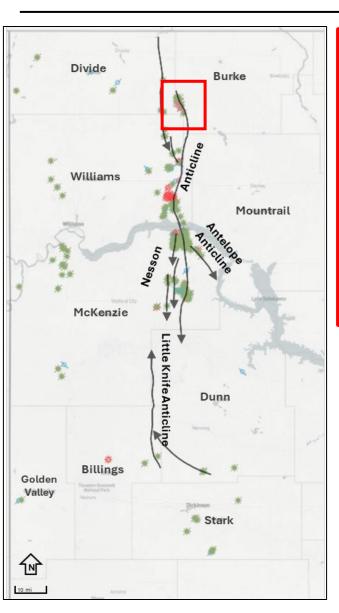


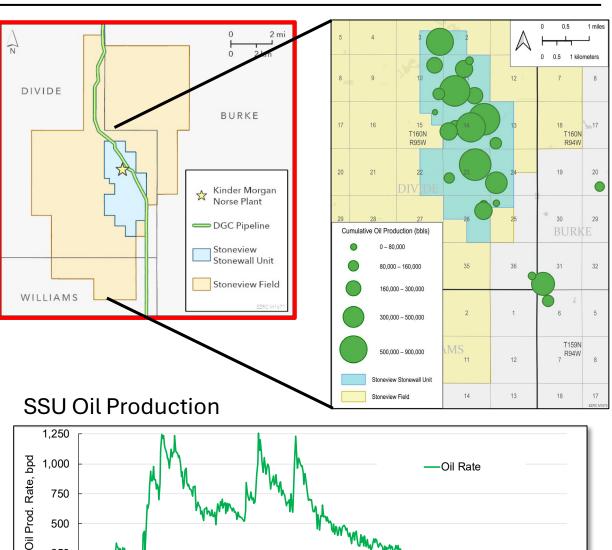




Stoneview Stonewall Unit



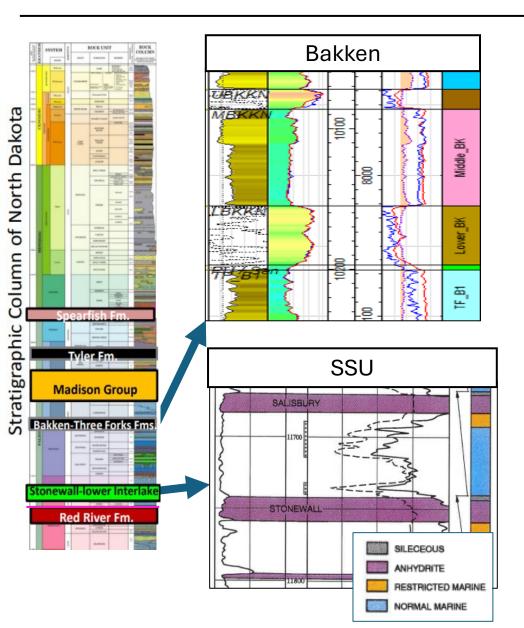






Stratigraphy





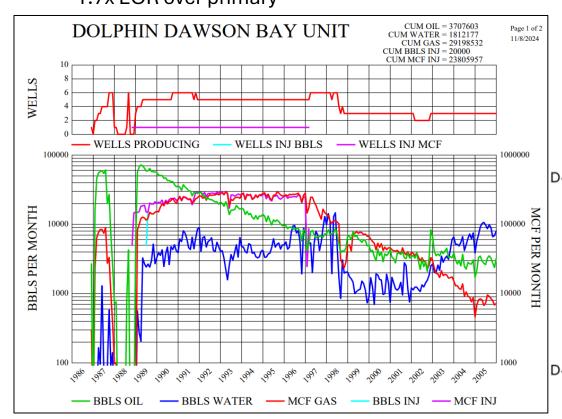
| | SSU | Bakken | |
|-----------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|--|
| Porosity (%) | 2-15 | 0-12 | |
| Permeability | Micro to milli Darcy | Nano to micro Darcy | |
| Oil Gravity (°API) | 46 | 38-42 | |
| Wettability | Oil | Mixed | |
| Composition | Tight Carbonate | Tight Carbonate | |
| Confining Zones | Anhydrites | Shales | |

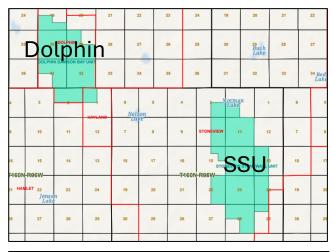


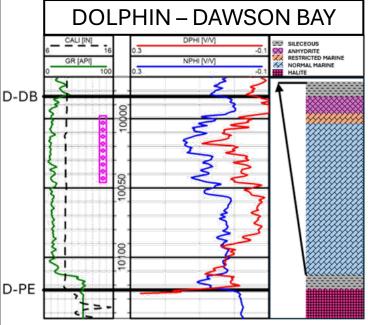
EOR ANOLOGY: DOLPHIN FIELD **GUBR**



- **Dawson Bay Formation**
 - Porous dolomite capped with anhydrite
 - Similar GOR and oil gravity
- Primary Recovery: ~19%
- EUR: ~51% with gas injection
- 1.7x EOR over primary



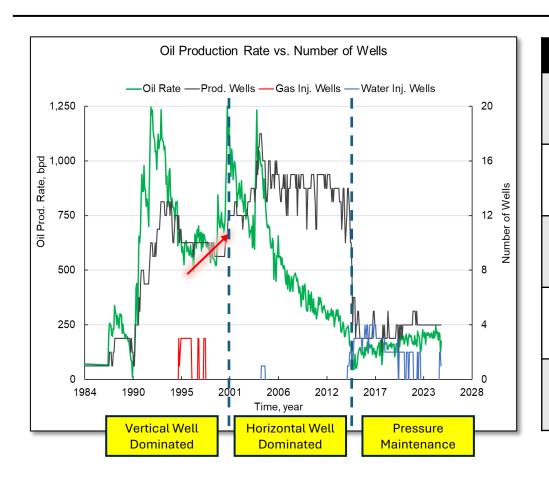






Previous SSU EOR Response





Conoco EOR Study - Reservoir Data

Initial Reservoir Pressure: 5236 psia

Bubble Point Pressure: 3273 psia

Current Reservoir Pressure: 3300 psia

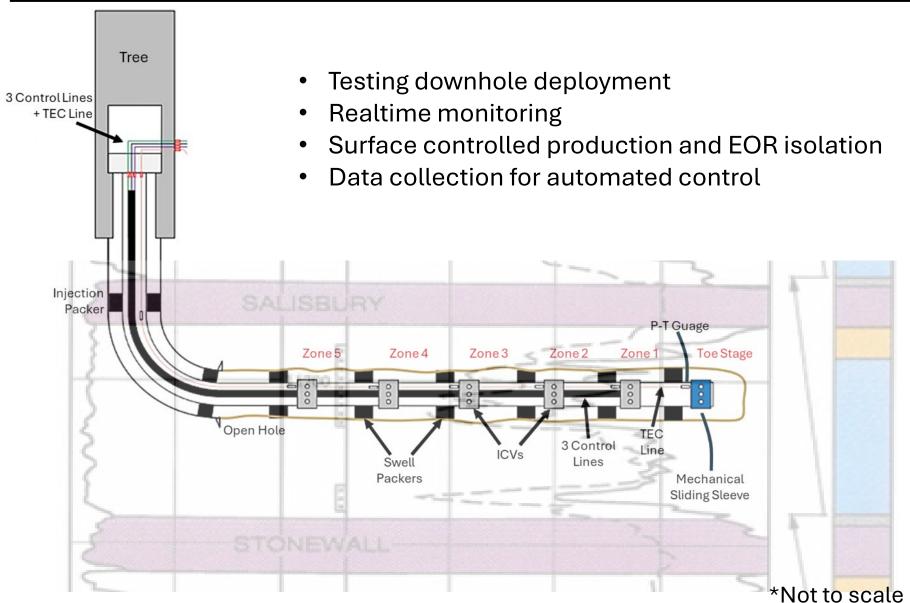
Minimum Miscibility Pressure: 2900 psia

Water Saturation: 14%



Interval Control Valve System







Data Collection and Field Tests



- Lab tests:
 - Gas chromatography, minimum miscibility pressure, rock wettability, and fluid interfacial tension
- Data to support downhole liner and packer system
 - FMI and Thru-Bit logs
- Potential Field Tests
 - Surfactants and miscible fluid flood based on lab work
 - Tracers for well connectivity or compartmentalization

| **Corrected** | Cobra Share | | |
|--|-------------------|-------------|----------------------|
| Project-Associated Expense | NDIC Share | (cash) | Total Project |
| Labor – Engineering and Field | \$324,540 | \$530,000 | \$854,540 |
| Facilities, Equipment, Gathering | | \$470,000 | \$470,000 |
| Stimulation | | \$1,500,000 | \$1,500,000 |
| Field Services – Rigs, Wireline, Testing, Coil | \$1,800,000 | | \$1,800,000 |
| Downhole Production Equipment | | \$2,500,000 | \$2,500,000 |
| Subcontractor – EERC | \$2,875,460 | | \$2,875,460 |
| Total Project Cost | \$5,000,000 | \$5,000,000 | \$10,000,000 |



Conclusions



- Silurian has a wide range of development.
- Production is primary and underdeveloped.
- The reservoir setting is similar to other formations in North Dakota.
- The down-hole equipment results test will apply to other formations.
- The SSU is unitized and undergoing a pressure maintenance operation. Initiating a new EOR project within this unit could be expedited due to previous efforts.
- Since current Silurian trends and future development potential encompass a large geographic area within the state, there is potential to affect new socioeconomic development within the state that has not been previously affected by the Bakken Shale.